Improving approaches to funding



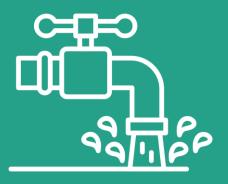
What does 'good charity income' mean?



Having a healthy mix of income streams.



Having enough funding to cover the costs of the services you know are needed



Not stop starting services and projects depending on funding



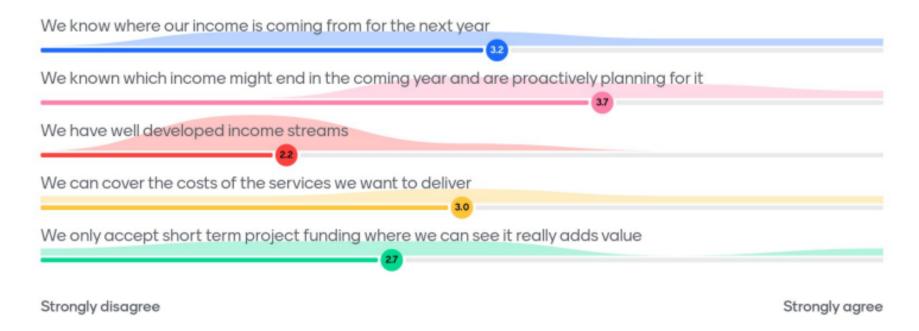
Why is it important?





About your organisation

What is income like in your organsiation?





About your organisation

Why do you want to diversify your income?

14 responses





About your organisation

What is preventing you from developing income streams?

15 responses

experts in fundraising
need to consult community
time contractual clauses
time constraints
lack of knowledge
deciding future direction
lack of good bid writing
knowledge of where



Taking a more proactive approach to funding means:



Consistent presence



Meeting needs



Doing right by everyone



The challenge of charity income



Why is it so hard?

Capacity



Unpopular cause





Some realities

Smaller charities are being worst affected by funding crisis BAME led charities and organisations were already less likely to receive funding



Why is it so hard?

Funding models



Attitudes and mindsets



Disconnected thinking



Challenge 1

The impossible funding model





Two types of income model



















Mixed models



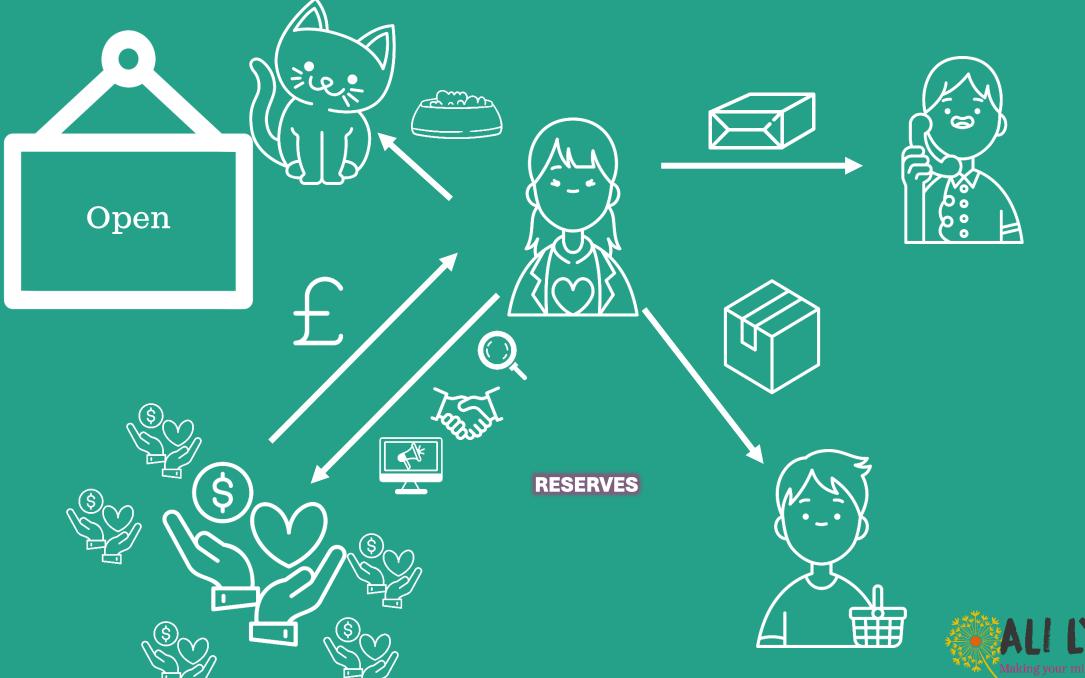
Contracts for deliver

Charging for space

Selling services - to the public or to businesses

Corporate partnerships







Funding models

"Time spent fundraising is time away from delivering your mission"

Mary Rose Gunn, The Fore



Embrace the complexity





But don't let it control your organisation



Mixed models



Trusts and Foundations

Donations

Legacies

Community fundraising

Corporate fundraising



Contracts for deliver

Charging for space

Selling services - to the public or to businesses

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Challenge 2

Attitudes and Mindsets





Public perceptions



Dickie Skinner

What is wrong with you people? You are being ripped off big time by this company. They buy waste food that no one else wants to buy very cheaply and then sell it to you at a massive profit. You are not saving the planet. You are making Oddbox very rich. Do yourself a favour and buy what you want, when you want it at your local greengrocer or supermarket.

20 hrs Like



Bernie Mayall

It's odd how "profit" is used as a smear if it is a good organisation doing good stuff on a shoestring but praised if it's a massive bloated corporation ripping off ordinary people in order to reward shareholders. Go figure.

1 hr Love Reply 00 3







Public perceptions

When it comes to salaries, charity CEOs still want to have their cake and eat it *Toby Porter*

Charity bosses have not learned from criticism around remuneration and risk distancing themselves further from their supporters





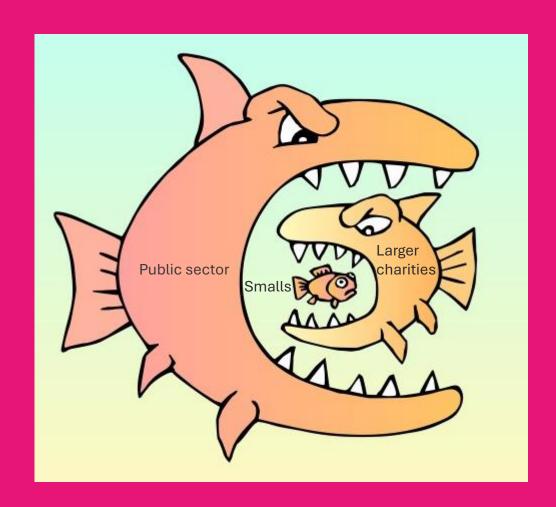


Partner perceptions

Expertise relied upon but not valued

Relied upon but not funded

Perceptions of 'professionalism'





Shaped by our experiences of money







Attitudes to payment for our work









The reality



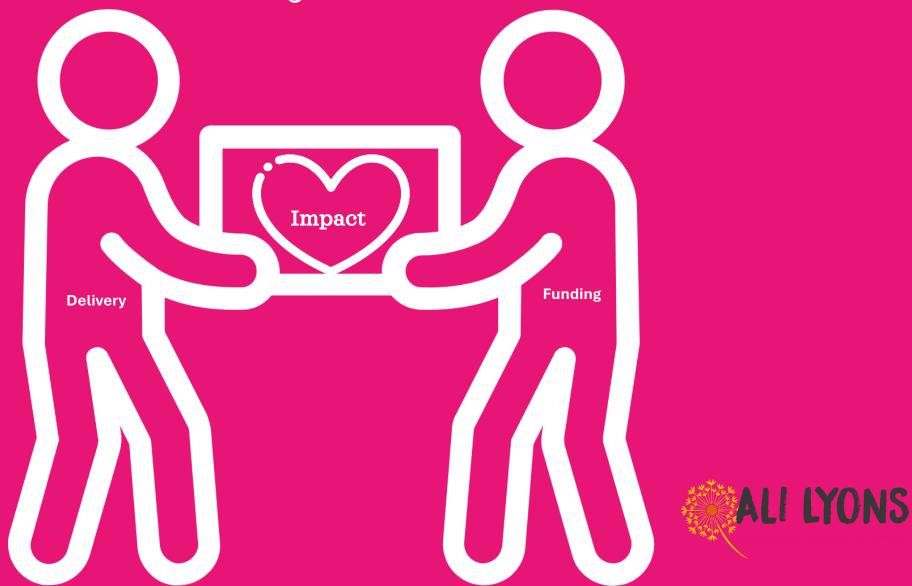
It costs to offer services











Challenge 3

Disconnected thinking

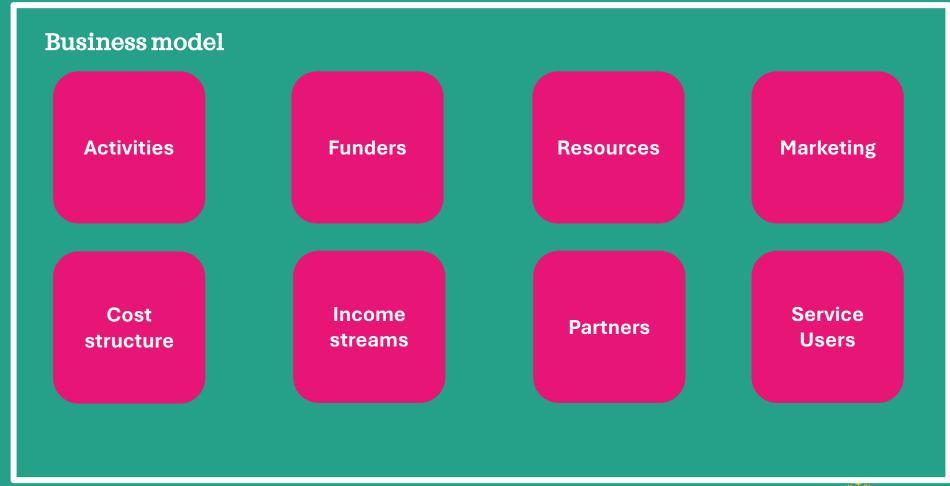




Activities Funders Resources Marketing

Cost structure Income streams Partners Service Users

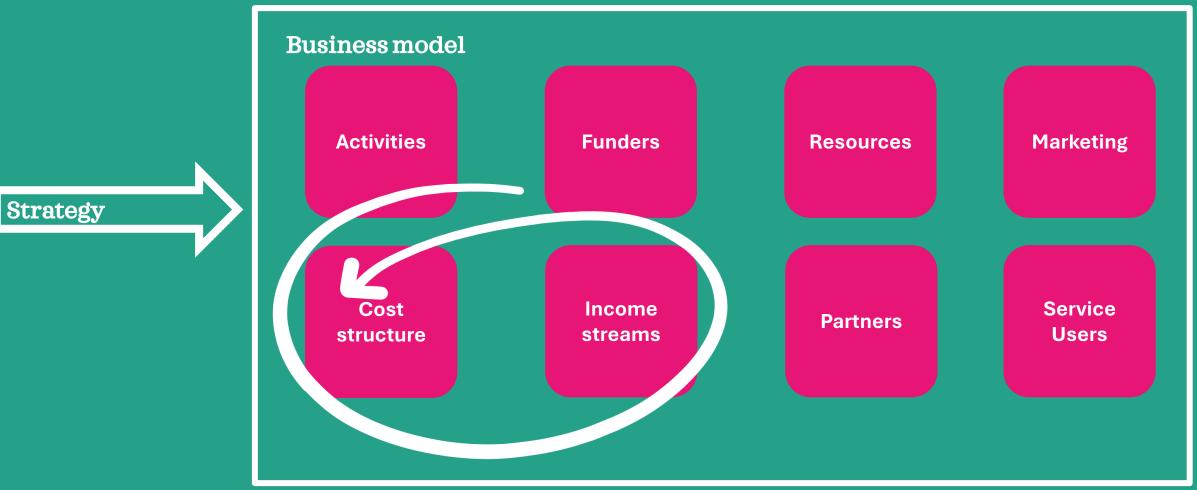






Business model **Activities Funders** Marketing Resources Strategy Service Cost Income **Partners** Users structure streams







Do any of these resonate for you?

Funding models



Attitudes and mindsets



Disconnected thinking



How to approach diversification



Who will pay for that?

Public Fundraising

Trusts and Foundations

Corporate Partners

Statutory

People who will pay for services

Philanthropy







It is about the RIGHT funding for your organisation



Meeting your funding need

Good funding



Bad funding



- ✓ Meets your funding needs
- ✓ For the activities you know are needed
- ✓ For ALL of the associated costs of delivering them

- * Creates unacceptable additional costs
- Vundermines your mission or principles



Understanding your funding need

a.k.a what you need to cover your costs





Know what you want to deliver

Grounded in purpose, strategy, organisational principles, knowledge and strengths





Know all of the costs of running your organisation





Know what it costs to run different services

Consider how you want to cover organisational running costs in individual delivery costs.



Know your costs - multiple activities

Direct

The cost of delivering the activity, which wouldn't be incurred if you weren't delivering.

Direct support
Costs directly
linked, but shared
with other
activities.

Running costs
Essential for the
charity to
function, but not
directly linked to
delivery of the
activity



Potential approaches







Unrestricted funding for running costs



Surplus making services to cover running costs





Consider who will pay for different services?



Who will pay for that?

Public Fundraising

Trusts and Foundations

Corporate Partners

Statutory

People who will pay for services

Philanthropy

Payment for service





Design your cost and income model to match the potential funding sources

Think about what it is worth to the person paying, not just what it costs

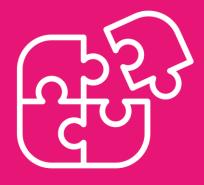


Reframe

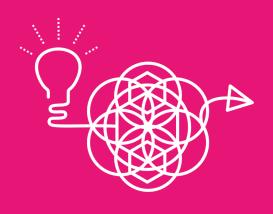




Creating your cost and income model



It's all part of the same puzzle



Embrace the complexity



Get the balance right



Who will pay for that?



Who will pay for that?

Public Fundraising

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Public Fundraising

- Donations come from supporters.
- Supporters are probably already connected or interested.
- Don't exclude people who use your services.
- Communicate and ask!
- Have a range of ways to give.



Trusts and Foundations

- This is not one size fits all.
- Do not default to project only funding.
- Know what you want funding for and match to funders.
- Don't discount small. (if it is supporting planned costs)
- Some is like major donor fundraising.



Corporate Partners

- Can be philanthropy or earned.
- Find businesses with connection and alignment.
- Make sure it works for you.
- Think about value for them, not just what it costs you.



Statutory

- Can be grants or contracts.
- Only restricted grants need all expenditure to be justified.
- Think about value to them, not just cost to you (contracts only).
- You can have a profit margin in a contract.
- Think carefully about whether this is right for your charity / business.



People who will pay for services

Purpose aligned

• What services can you deliver that further your charitable objectives (particularly impact)?

• Are there people who will pay for the current services, that align with your charitable objectives (particularly who you will have impact on)



People who will pay for services

Not purpose aligned

- What assets do you have?
- Who else are your skills and understanding valuable to who could pay?
- Is it permitted in your governing document?
- If not, what business model could you create?





First things first

Why do you want to diversify?



The why will influence your approach

Cover core costs

Fund new services

Replace an income stream

Increase capacity



Cover core costs

- What's causing the shortfall?
- How are you pricing your services to include all costs?
- Are you implementing full cost recovery?
- Are you taking a standard % fee that isn't really working?
- Is your organiational structure right?



Replace an income stream

How long until it ends?

• How much is needed?

• Is this an opportunity to review strategy and delivery?

• Why is it ending? What is this telling you?



Increase capacity

- How have you identified the need?
- Is it a particular demographic?

- Is simple increase of capacity the best approach?
- Have you fully modelled delivery and costs?



Develop new services

- How do you know this is needed / wanted?
- Who is interested in it?
- Have you tested it?
- What's your approach to test and scale?



Adapted Sustainable Sun Tool (NCVO)

Financial Management A funding model based on need

Who currently funds you

External positioning

Relationships

Marketing



Financial Management A funding model based on need

Who currently funds you



External positioning/marketing

Relationships

Communicating impact



Find the common ground



Knowing your audience will help determine where to focus your energy



Making decisions



Making decisions

Understanding your costs.

Placing value on what you do.

Reducing risk.

Finding alignment.

Getting the right support.



Next steps



Getting the right support

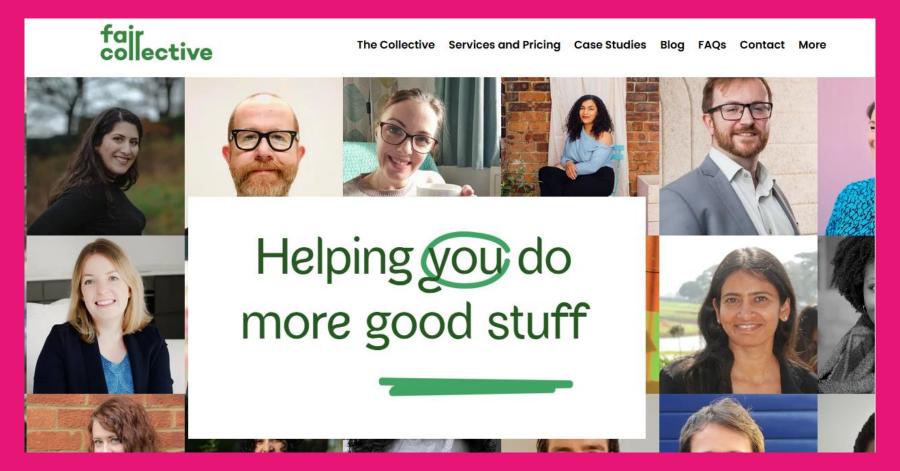
I can help with

- Income Review and Planning
- Strategic Review and Planning
- Theory of Change and Impact
- Mentoring for leaders and fundraisers

Ali_lyons@outlook.com



Getting the right support





How do you feel about diversifying your income?

How do you feel about diversifying your income?

12 responses



